Subject: Vertex fitter for two consecutive decays Posted by Karin Schönning on Tue, 25 Nov 2014 10:49:49 GMT View Forum Message <> Reply to Message

Dear Pandaroot experts,

I am trying to use the vertex fitter to improve the resolution of the Xi- mass, reconstructing Xifrom the decay Xi- -> Lambda pi-, Lambda -> p pi-. I have used the vertex fitter for the lambda and it works. I take the fitted lambda candidates and combine with a pion which I have checked, using MC truth match, that it is a daughter of Xi- and not Lambda. Then I try to apply the vertex fit again, see below:

```
Xi.Combine(goodlam,pim);
Xibar.Combine(goodlamb,pip);
for (j=0;j<Xi.GetLength();++j)</pre>
{
 //PndVtxPRG vtxfitterx(Xi[j]);
   PndKinVtxFitter vtxfitterx(Xi[j]); // instantiate a vertex fitter
 bool checkx = vtxfitterx.Fit();
 double chi2 vtx = vtxfitterx.GetChi2(); // access chi2 of fit
 double prob_vtx = vtxfitterx.GetProb(); // access probability of fit
 if (checkx)
                                   // when good enough, fill some histos
 ł
  RhoCandidate *Xiv = Xi[j]->GetFit(); // access the fitted cand
 TVector3 IVtx=Xiv->Pos();
 double Ximassv=Xiv->M();
 double xivz=IVtx.Z();
 cout<<"Xibar mass : "<<Xi[j]->M()<<endl;
 cout<<"Xibar mass vertex: "<<Ximassv<<endl:
 cout<<"Xibar vertex z: "<<xivz<<endl;
 Ximass->Fill(Xiv->M());}
}
```

But when running this I get into trouble, the printout is shown below. Is the vertex fitter supposed to work in this way or does it only handle single vertices?

Error in <TDecompLU::DecomposeLUCrout>: matrix is singular Error in <TDecompLU::InvertLU>: matrix is singular, 0 diag elements < tolerance of 2.2204e-16 Xibar mass : 0.186496 Xibar mass vertex: 0.167329 Xibar vertex z: 69.2357 Xibar mass : 1.32154 Xibar mass vertex: -nan Xibar vertex z: -nan Xibar mass : 1.31012 Xibar mass vertex: -nan Xibar vertex z: -nan Xibar mass : 1.32721 Xibar mass vertex: -nan Xibar vertex z: -nan

Does anybody have an idea of what one can do about this?

Kindest regards, /Karin

Subject: Re: Vertex fitter for two consecutive decays Posted by Ralf Kliemt on Tue, 25 Nov 2014 11:00:02 GMT View Forum Message <> Reply to Message

Hi Karin,

The Lambda is a neutrlly charged particle. Our fitters cannot create availd Helix & Covariance from that.

Since the Xi does fly some distance my only suggestion is you try and make an analytical helix-line point-of-closest-approach finder by hand.

Cheers Ralf

Subject: Re: Vertex fitter for two consecutive decays Posted by Klaus Götzen on Tue, 25 Nov 2014 11:01:48 GMT View Forum Message <> Reply to Message

Hi Karin,

I don't see how you can fit a second secondary vertex (of the Xi-), since this vertex is not constraint by at least two charged tracks. A decay X -> pi+ pi- Lambda could deliver something like that, but not one with X -> pi- Lambda.

Best, Klaus

Subject: Re: Vertex fitter for two consecutive decays

Thanks for the rapid response. I wasn't aware of the inner machinery and thought that maybe one could make a fit based on four vectors instead.

Cheers, /Karin

Subject: Re: Vertex fitter for two consecutive decays Posted by StefanoSpataro on Tue, 25 Nov 2014 11:05:07 GMT View Forum Message <> Reply to Message

Why not? A neutral track has a momentum, a direction, and a covariance matrix, you can variate such parameters to find better values, moreover adding a charged track you can find the PVA point, thus finding the production point of the charged. I think this is a feature missing in the code, but this is possible to implement.

Subject: Re: Vertex fitter for two consecutive decays Posted by Karin Schönning on Tue, 25 Nov 2014 11:18:49 GMT View Forum Message <> Reply to Message

In Erik Thomé's thesis he writes that

He used the old framework but since this is on the analysis level maybe there is only some cutting and pasting required. I will try to get a hold of him (he quitted academia and I am not sure if his email works) and check if he has some code on his own or if there was some standard part of pandora.

Cheers, /Karin

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