
Subject: homogenous magnetic field defined by radial coordinates
Posted by [Raphael Cervantes](#) on Mon, 18 Mar 2013 16:35:30 GMT
[View Forum Message](#) <> [Reply to Message](#)

Hi guys,
I would like to create a magnetic field produced by a solenoid. I've looked into cbmroot, and I found the only thing I found was CbmFieldConst.cxx. However, that just creates a boxed magnetic field defined by a minimum x, minimum y, minimum z, maximum x, maximum y, maximum z. I would rather create a constant magnetic field defined by a minimum z, maximum z, minimum r, maximum r. Can anyone help me get started on this??

Thank you,
Raphael

Subject: Re: homogenous magnetic field defined by radial coordinates
Posted by [Mohammad Al-Turany](#) on Tue, 19 Mar 2013 18:55:48 GMT
[View Forum Message](#) <> [Reply to Message](#)

Hi,

The only constrain we have is to implement the virtual methods of the FairField class. The simulation engines call the method:

```
void GetFieldValue(const Double_t point[3], Double_t* bField);
```

Which you have to implement in your subclass. Now how you calculate the field is up to you. If you look to PANDA there are different maps for the different regions (Solenoid, Dipole and the region between them).

<https://subversion.gsi.de/trac/fairroot/browser/pandaroot/trunk/field>

Another example is the Hades implementation:

<https://subversion.gsi.de/trac/fairroot/browser/hadesroot/hadsim/HadesField.cxx>
The class HadesField is forwarding the field value request to another class that makes the calculation from the symmetry and the field map that is saved in cylindrical coordinates.

In other words Geant3/4 will call the method "GetFieldValue" above and you are free to calculate it as you like and fill the result in the bField[3].

cheers,

Mohammad
