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Subject: Re: Bear Smear and Cross Sections

Posted by [Michael Kunkel](#) on Mon, 27 Aug 2012 23:32:53 GMT

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I do understand that my thoughts are hard to convey, I appreciate the time you are taking with this. I wanted to clarify a typo in my previous message.

Instead of

Michael Kunkel wrote on Mon, 27 August 2012 21:07Is \_f the density function? If so, wouldn't using Input : \_x s cos(theta), \_y is differential cross section

Output : cross section suffice?

I wanted to say

Is \_f the density function? If so, wouldn't using Input : \_x s cos(theta), \_y is differential cross section

Output : \_f cross section suffice?

What I am finding hard to conceive here is how the distribution is generated.

Moreover, I want to clarify what I am trying to do, and hopefully I can understand my mistakes after this.

I have 64 models I will be using. I was assuming I could implement this as

```
model1->SetRange(1.77,1.8);
...
...
...
model64->SetRange(2.56,2.6);

model1->AddHistogram(example1,"value = Eval(_x); _f =_y * value");
makeDistributionManager()->Add(model1);
...
...
...
model64->AddHistogram(example64,"value = Eval(_x); _f =_y * value");
makeDistributionManager()->Add(model64);
```

In the above snippet I use 1 histogram for each model. Each histogram is derived from published data with

\_x = Cos(theta)

\_y = Differential Cross section

The histograms are extrapolated from TGraphs (see below);

c.m. 1.77 ->1.8 GeV

c.m. 2.56 ->2.6 GeV

As it can be seen from the plots above, the cross section depends on both the c.m. energy and  $\text{Cos}(\theta)$ ;

I am trying to model this, however the example macro you provided states (lines 31 & 32):

```
//Input: _x is cos(theta), _y is the c.m. energy
//Output: _f: cross section
model->AddHistogram(distribution,"value = Eval(_x); _f = _y * value");
```

But cross section, from a physics stand point is proportional to  $\text{Cos}(\theta) / s$ , where  $s$  is square of c.m. energy.

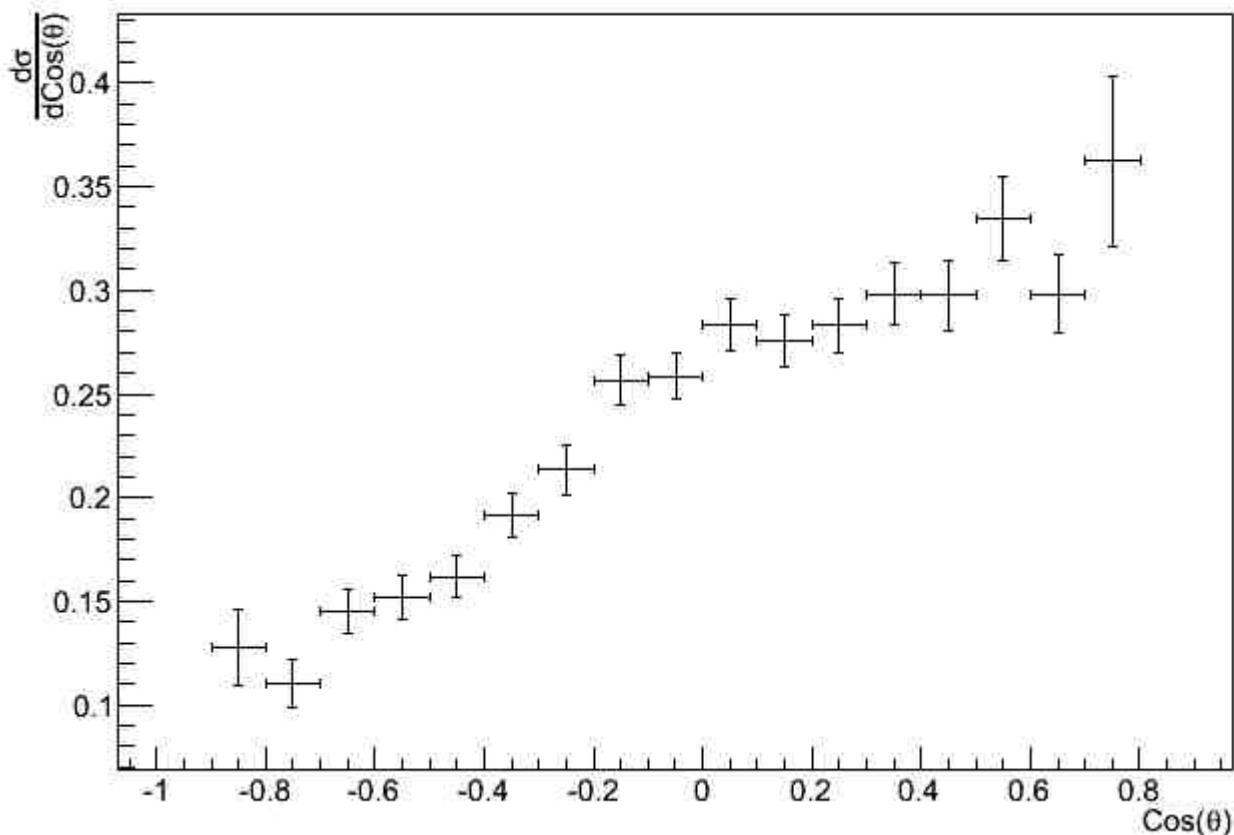
This is my a source of my confusion and also not understanding how to use what I already have,  $\text{cos}(\theta)$  vs. diff XSection, is the other part of my confusion.

Thanks

#### File Attachments

1) [Eta\\_1.77\\_1.8.jpeg](#), downloaded 1757 times

**$\eta$  differential Xsection c.m. 1.77 - 1.8 Gev**



2) [Eta\\_2.56\\_2.6.jpeg](#), downloaded 1730 times

## $\eta$ differentiral Xsection c.m. 2.56 - 2.6 Gev

