

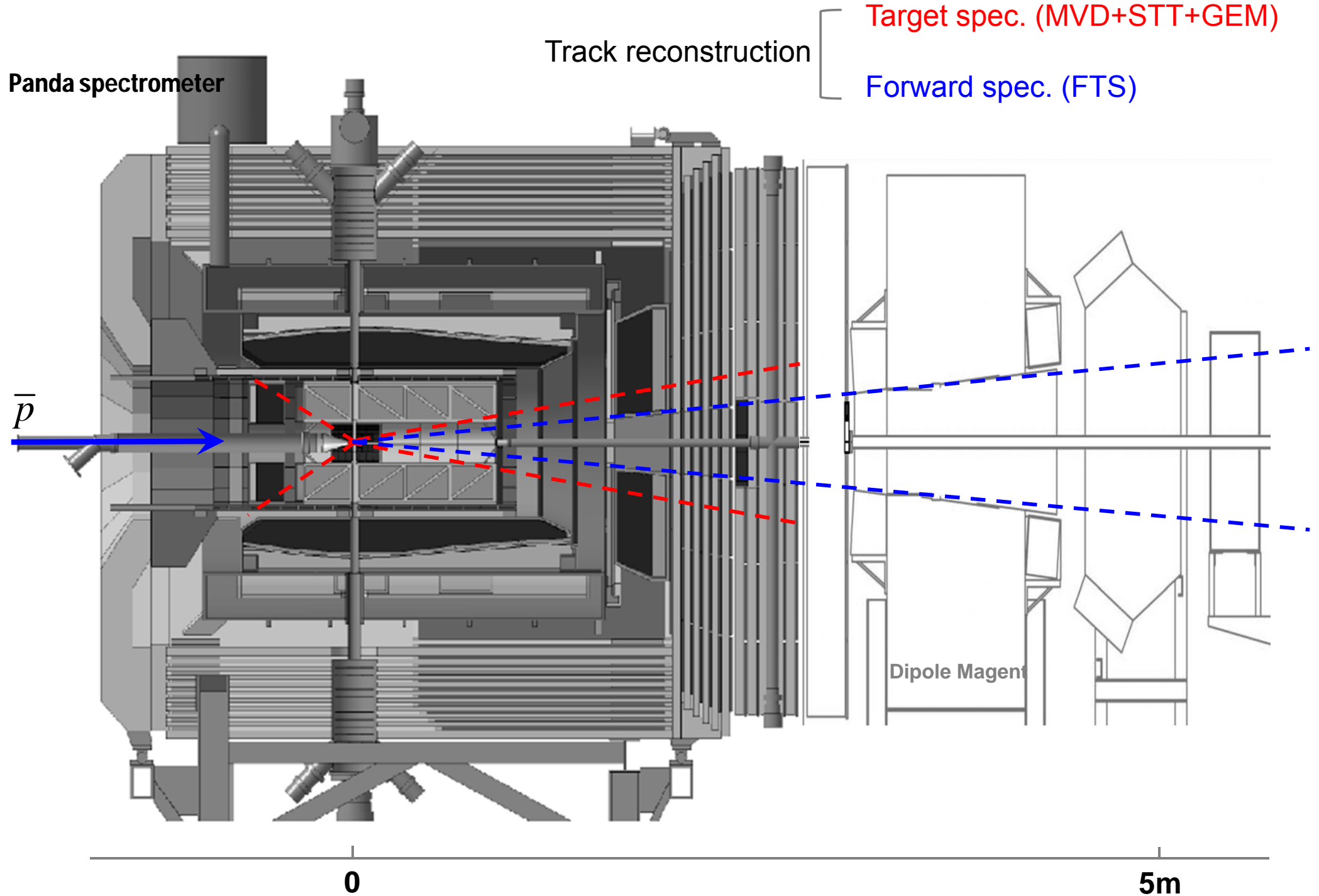


PANDA tracking performance

**test of tracking code as a preparation
of forward tracking campaign**

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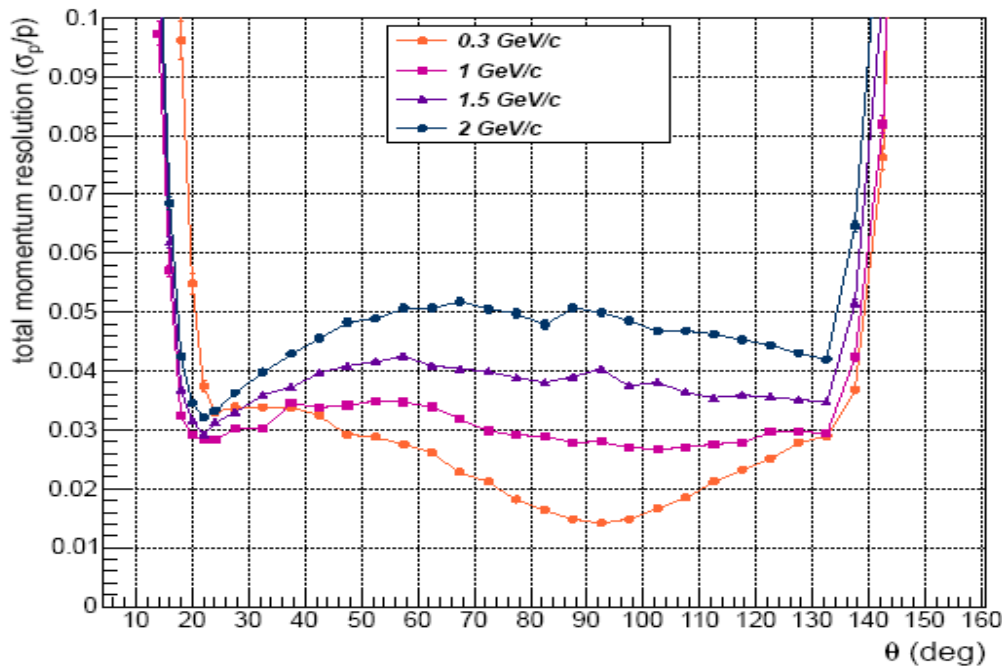




Tracking campaign for target spectrometer in sep. 2011

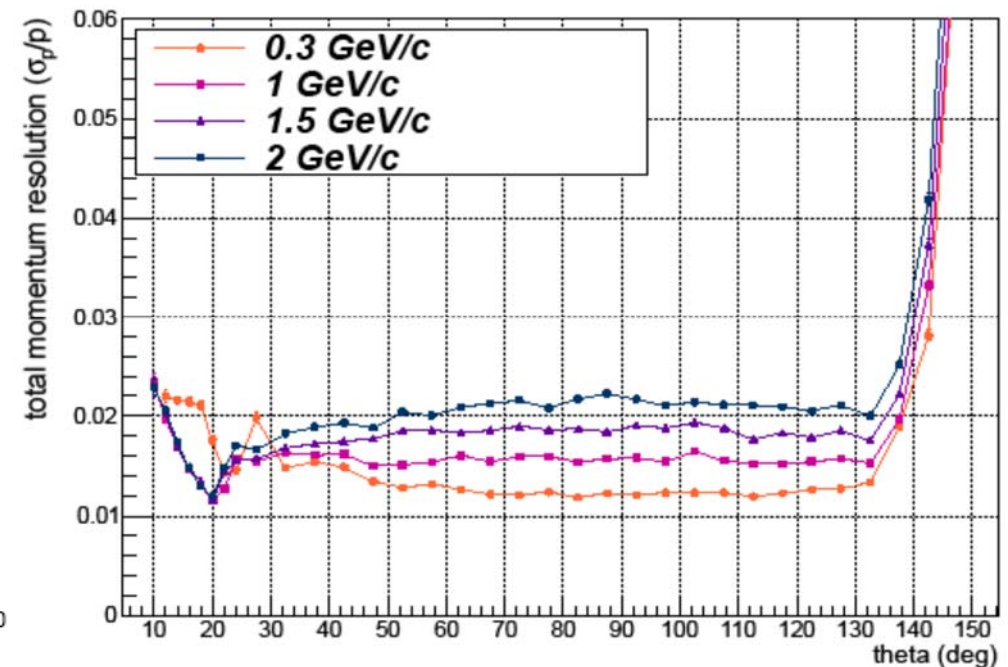
momentum resolution for μ @ barrel

STT standalone



$\varepsilon \sim 2-5\%$

STT + MVD + GEM

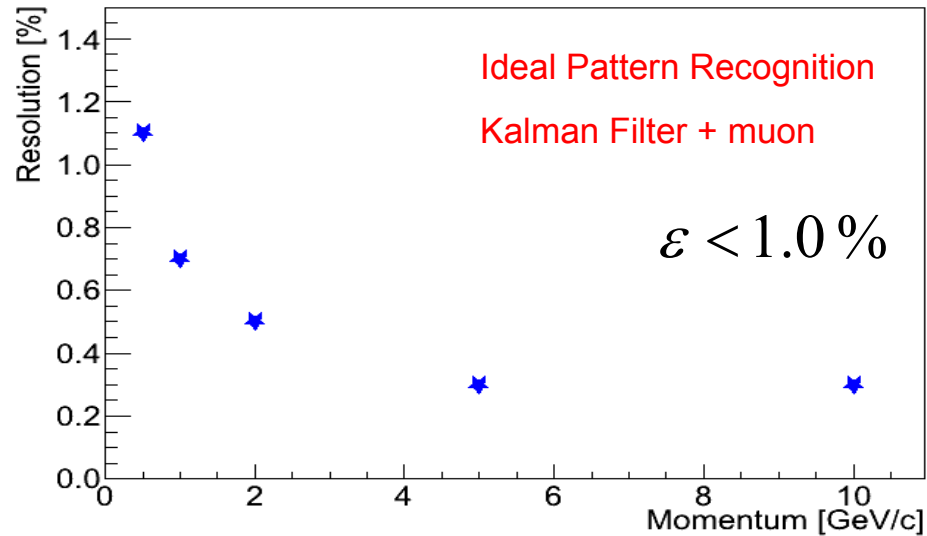


$\varepsilon \sim 1-2\%$

but never shown for **other particles** and for **θ resolution(difference)**



- Momentum resolution for μ @ forward

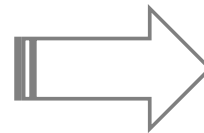


- Study of reconstruction for combined two spectrometer
used PANDAroot version july12

reconstruction

SttMvdGemGenTrack

FtsIdealGenTrack

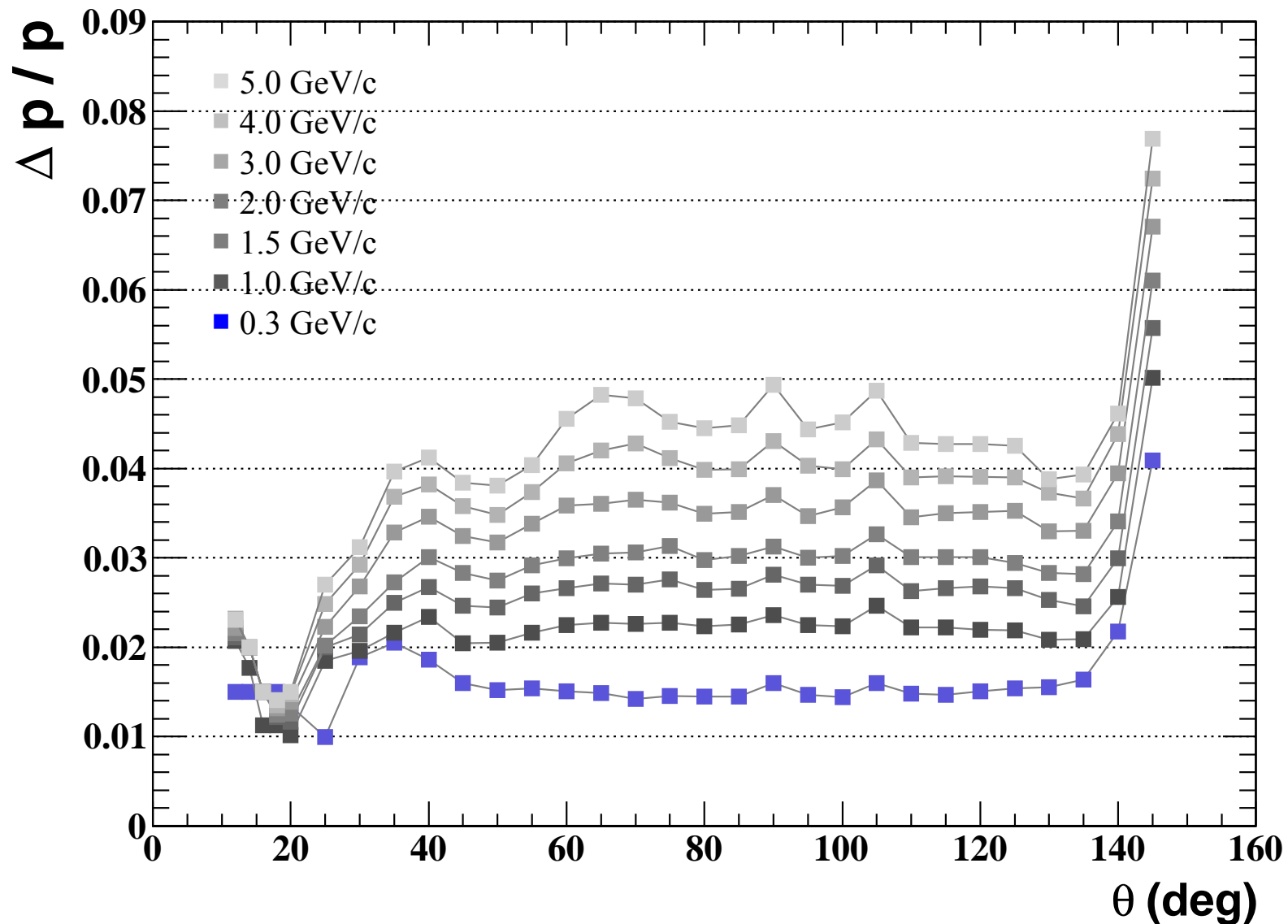


PidCorrelator

combined both tracks



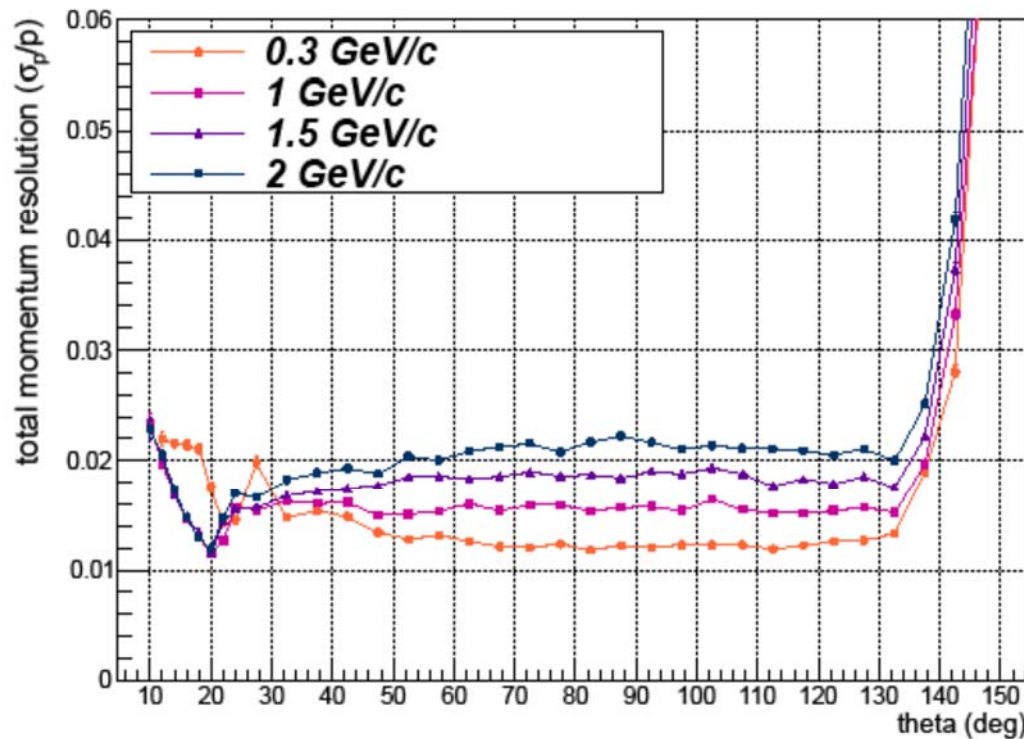
Study on the point-like single particle resolution μ (muon) momentum resolution



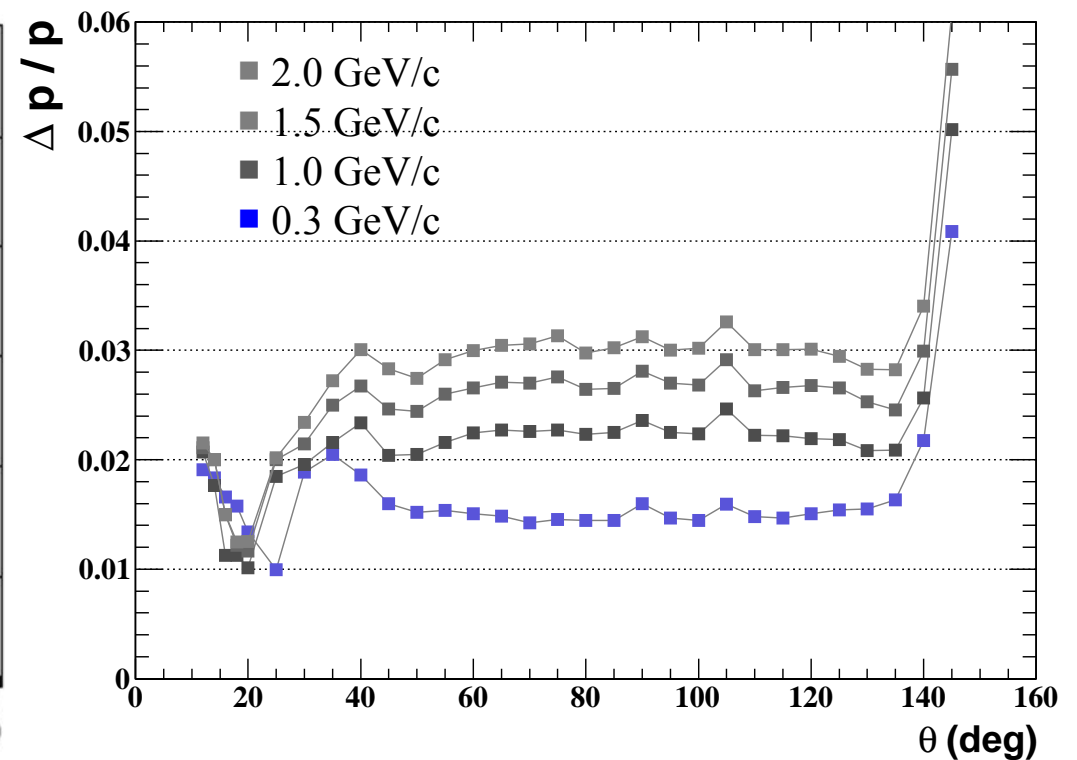


Comparison of the momentum resolution for μ

STT + MVD + GEM

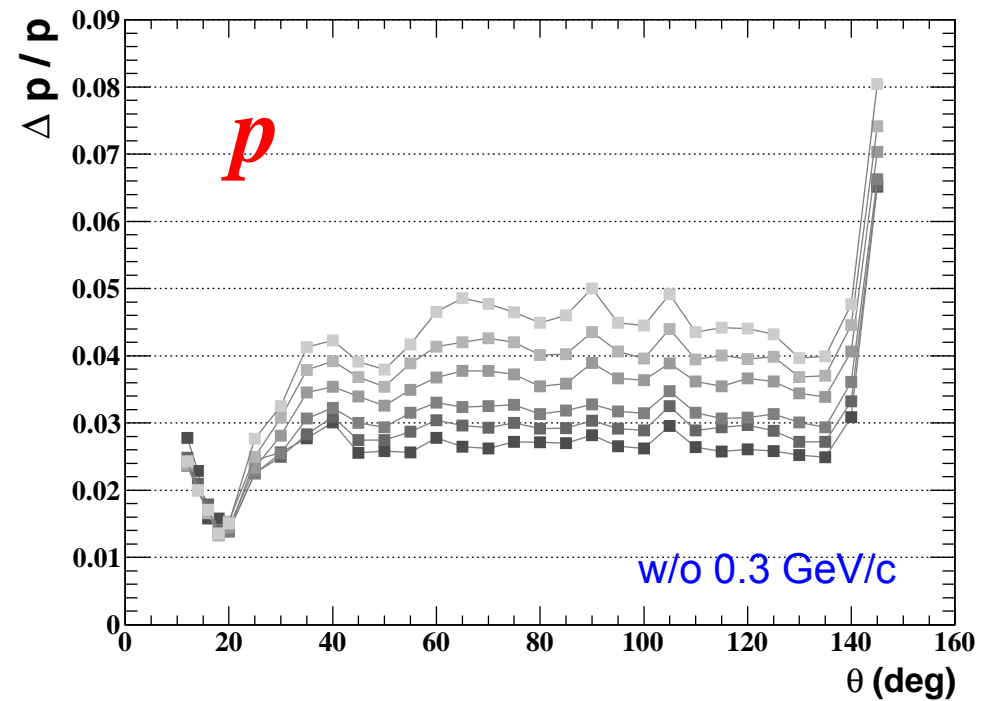
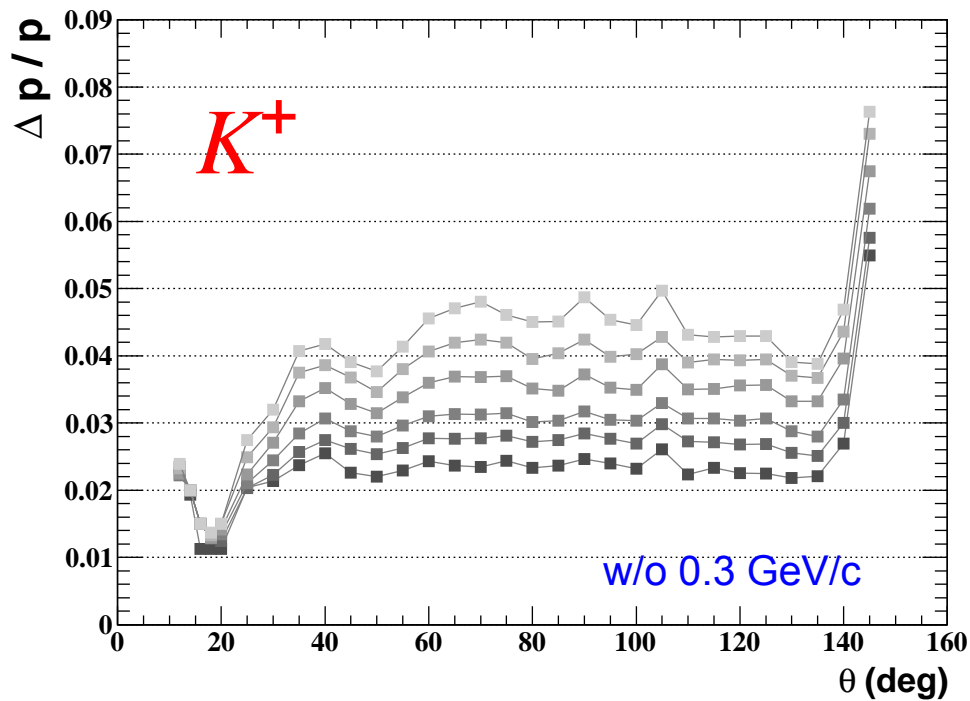
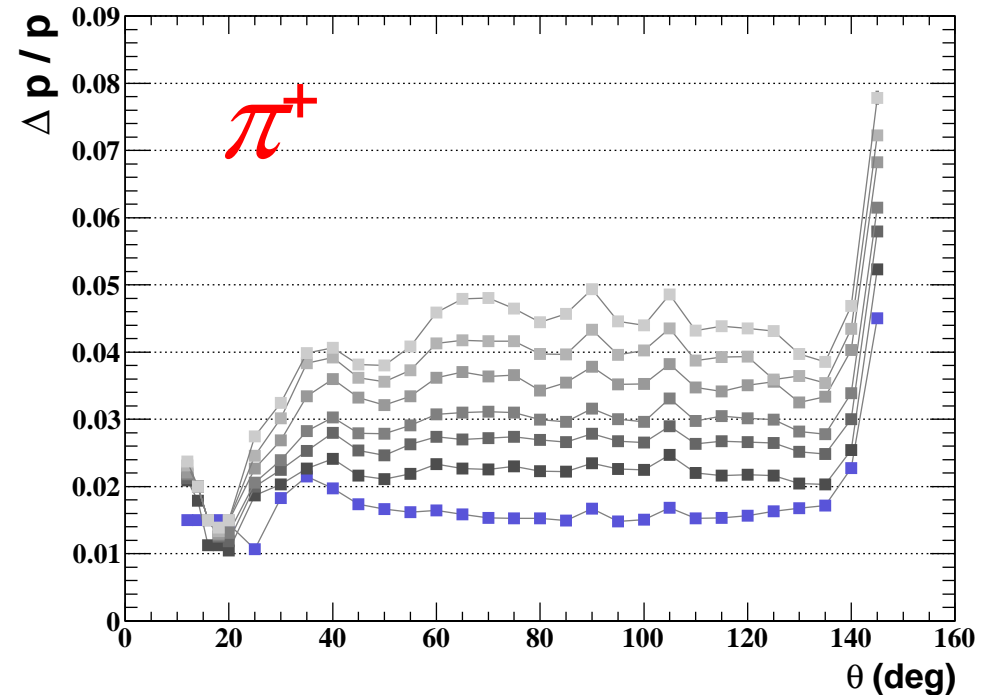
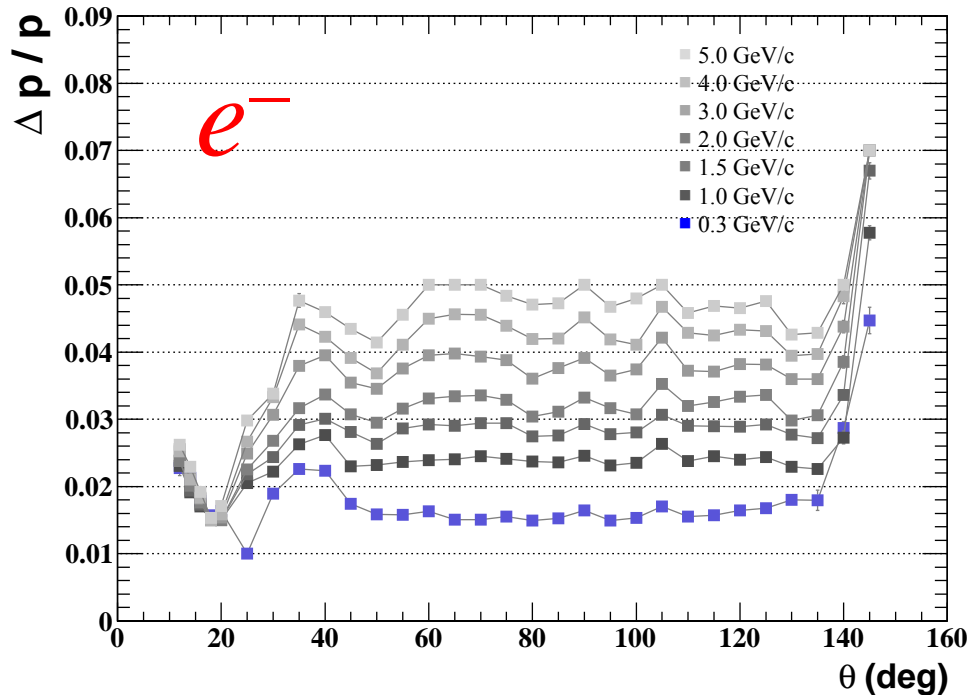


STT+MVD+GEM and FTS



had been presented during the tracking campaign in sep. 2011

2 times worsen than 2011 values





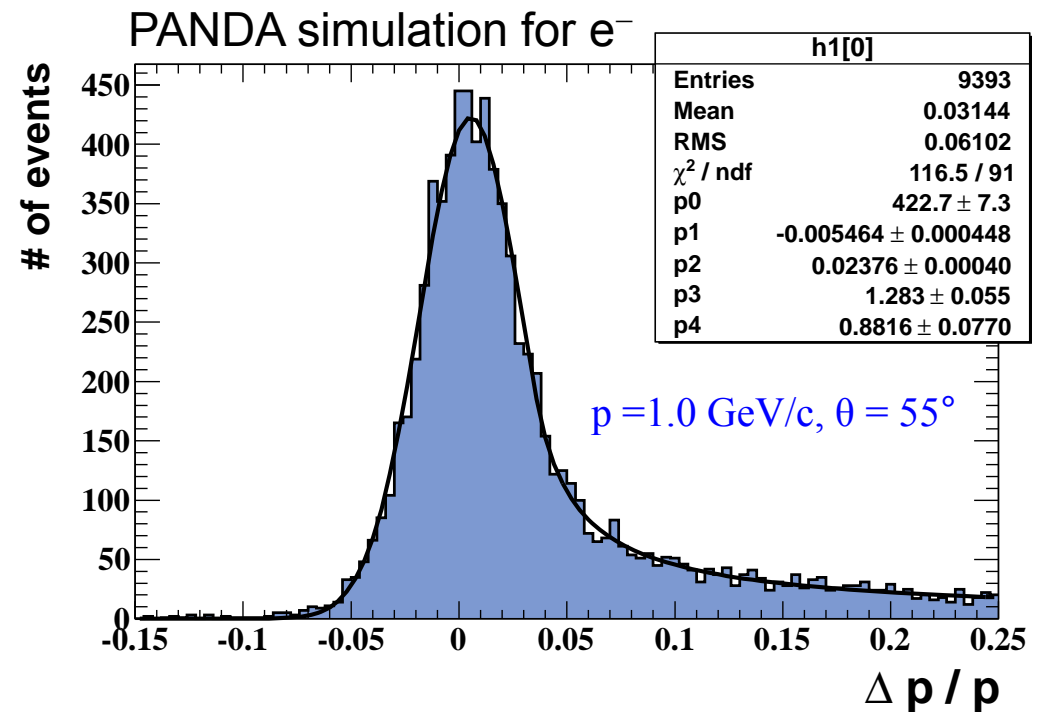
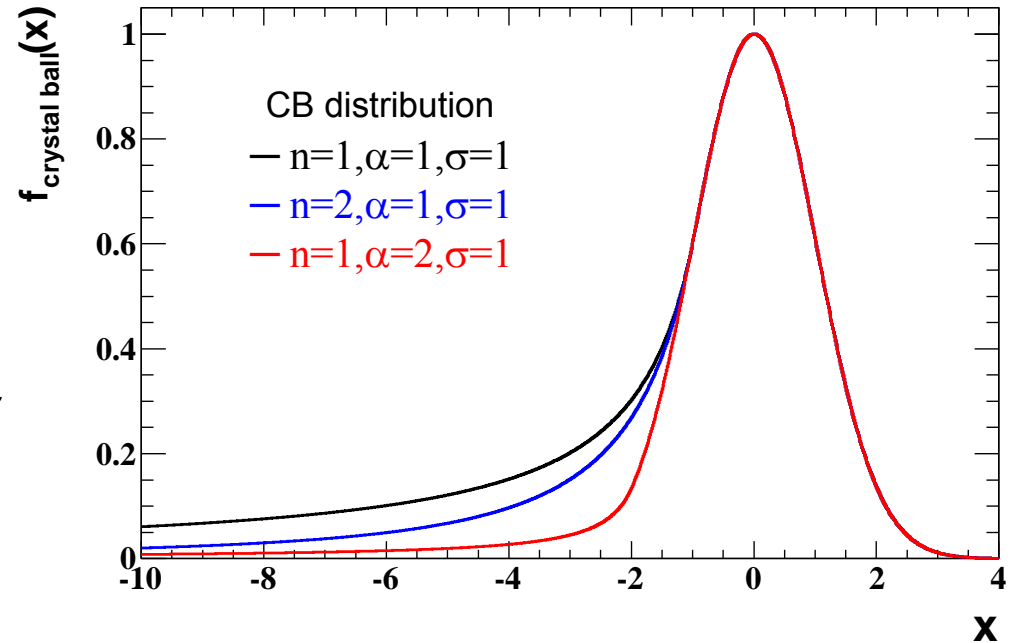
Crystal Ball function

$$C(x) = \begin{cases} N \exp\left[-\frac{(x-x_0)^2}{2\sigma^2}\right] & \text{for } x > x_0 - \alpha\sigma \\ N \frac{(n/\alpha)^n e^{-\frac{\alpha^2}{2}}}{[(x_0-x)/\sigma + n/\alpha - \alpha]^n} & \text{for } x \leq x_0 - \alpha\sigma \end{cases}$$

- N – normalization factor
- x_0 – peak position
- σ – gaussian width
- α – joint parameter
- n – exponent of power law

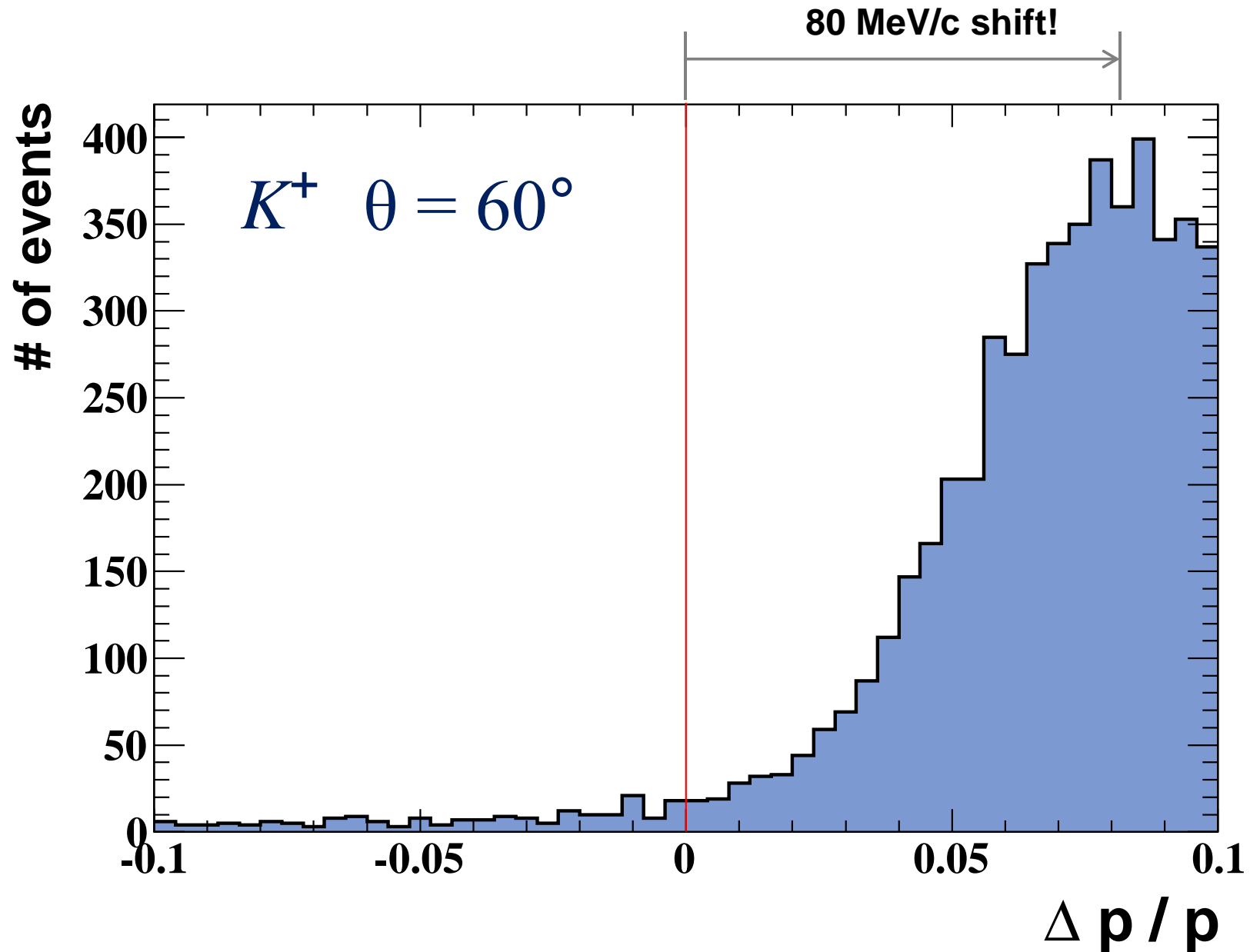
commonly used parameterizations of the energy loss distribution (e.g. ECAL)

or use alternatively [Novosibirsk](#) function





Reconstruction of 0.3 GeV/c (low momentum track) for kaon and proton
Mom. shift due to the fact of muon mass hypothesis in the tracking code

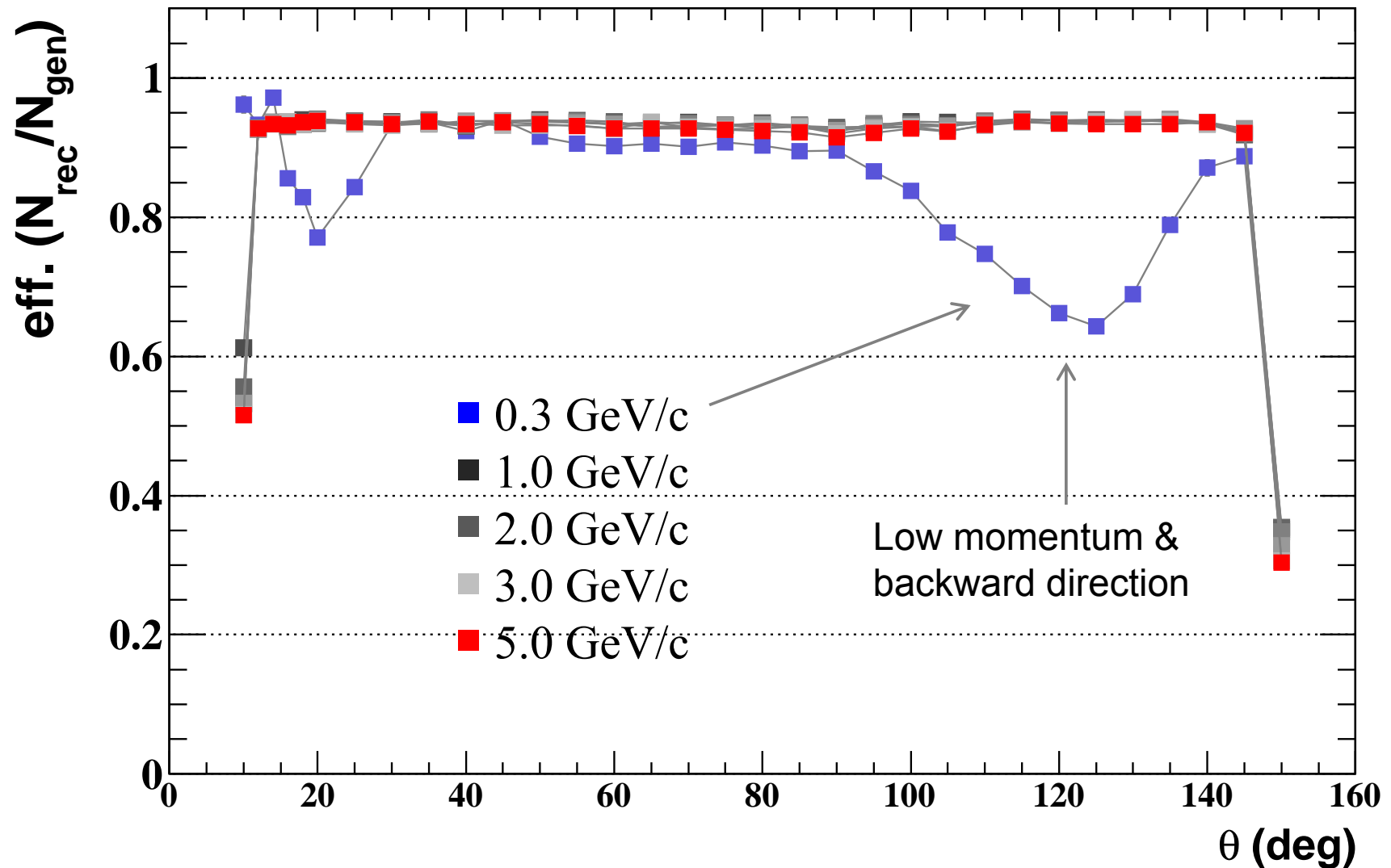


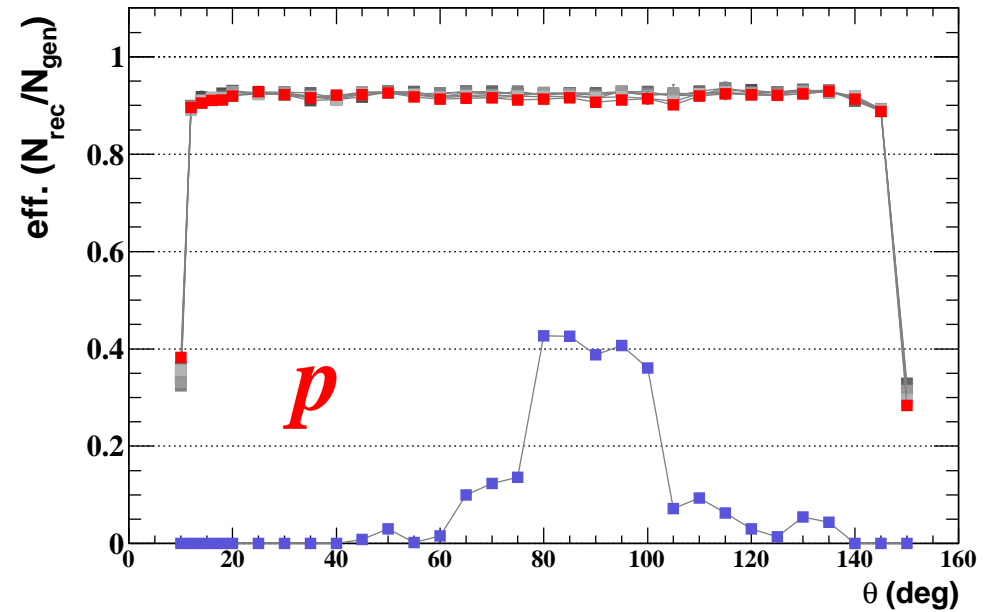
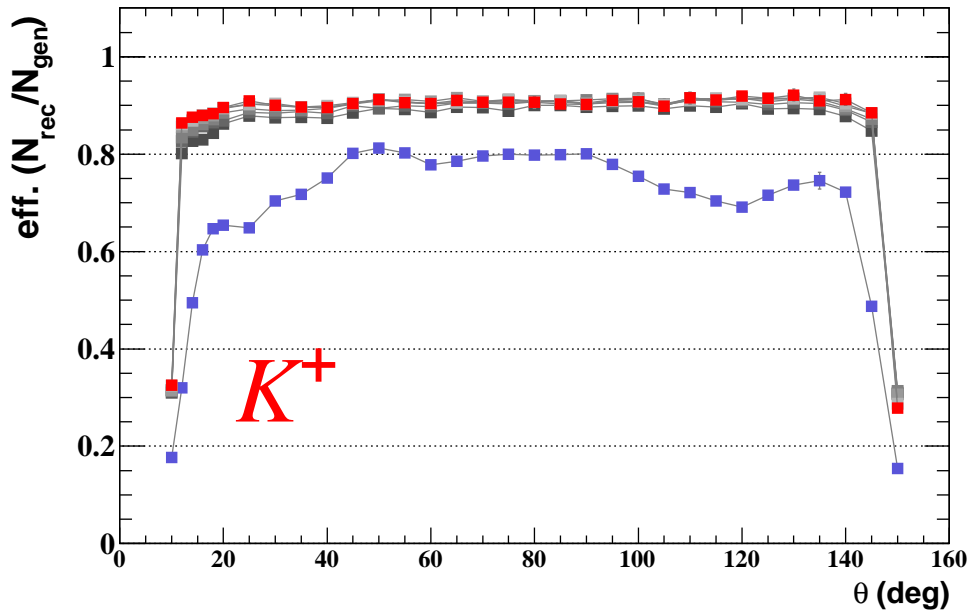
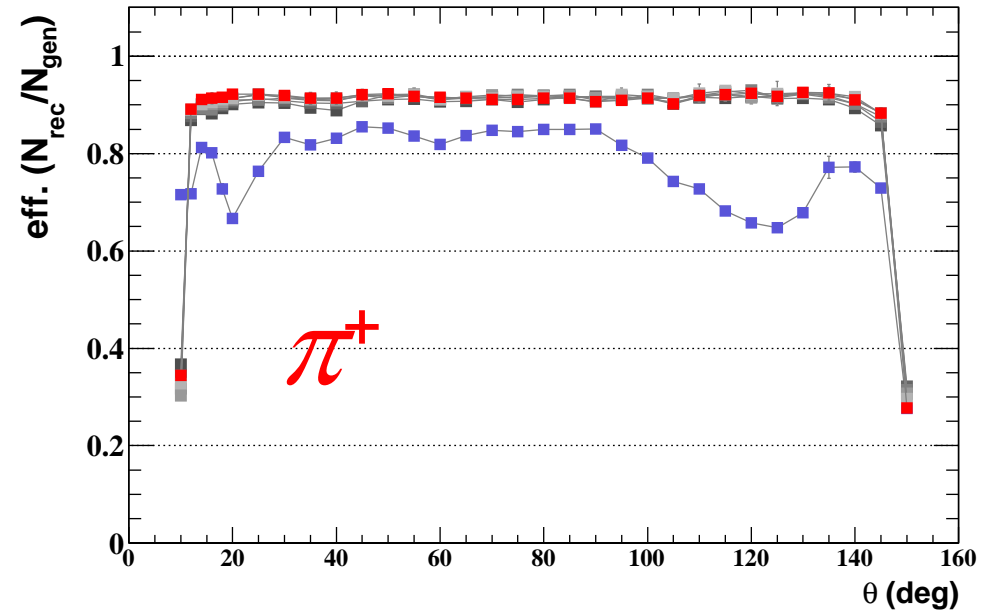
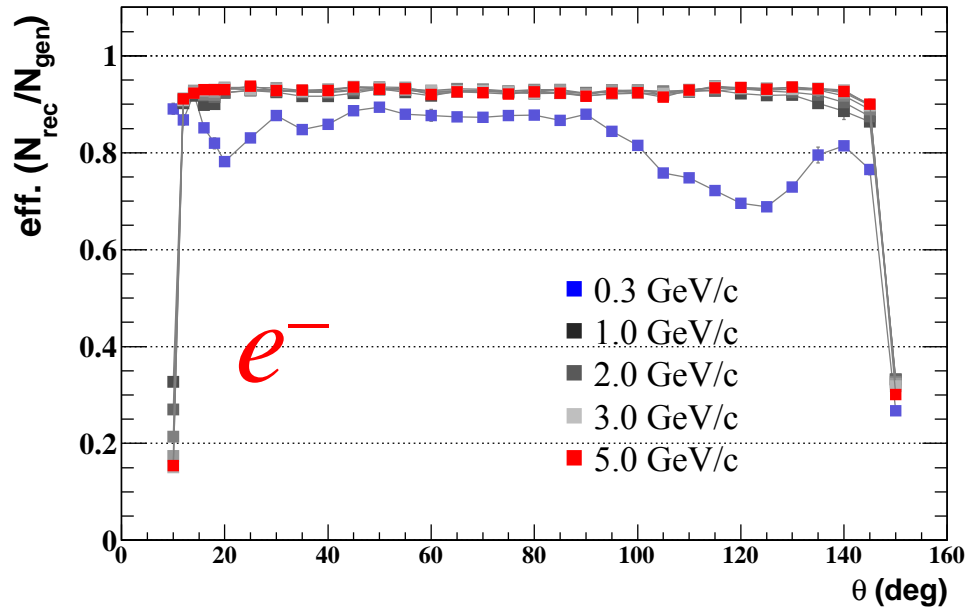


Reconstruction efficiency of μ

$$\varepsilon = \frac{N_{rec,MC}}{N_{gen,MC}}$$

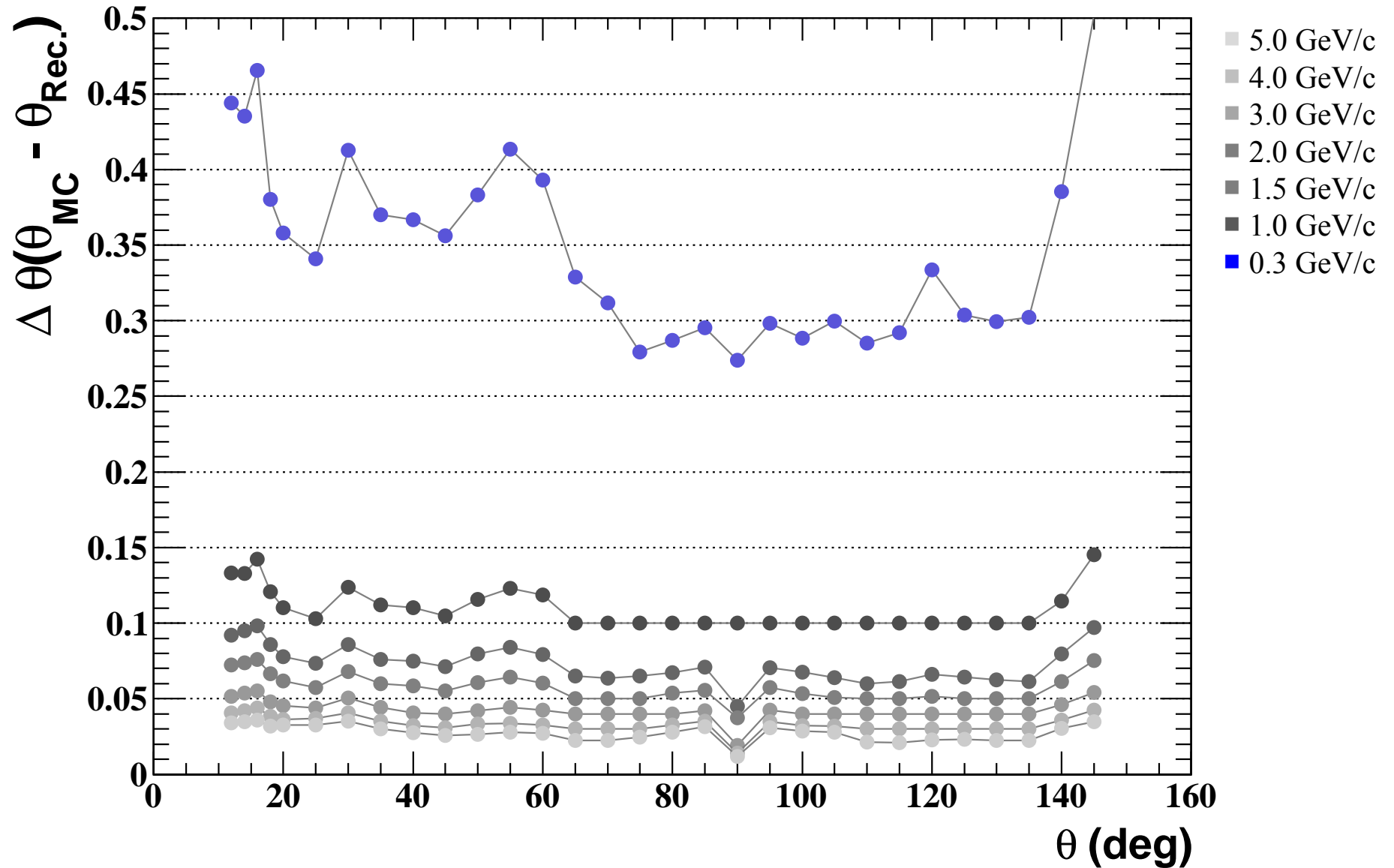
where, $N_{rec,MC}$ number of reconstructed of MC truth matched

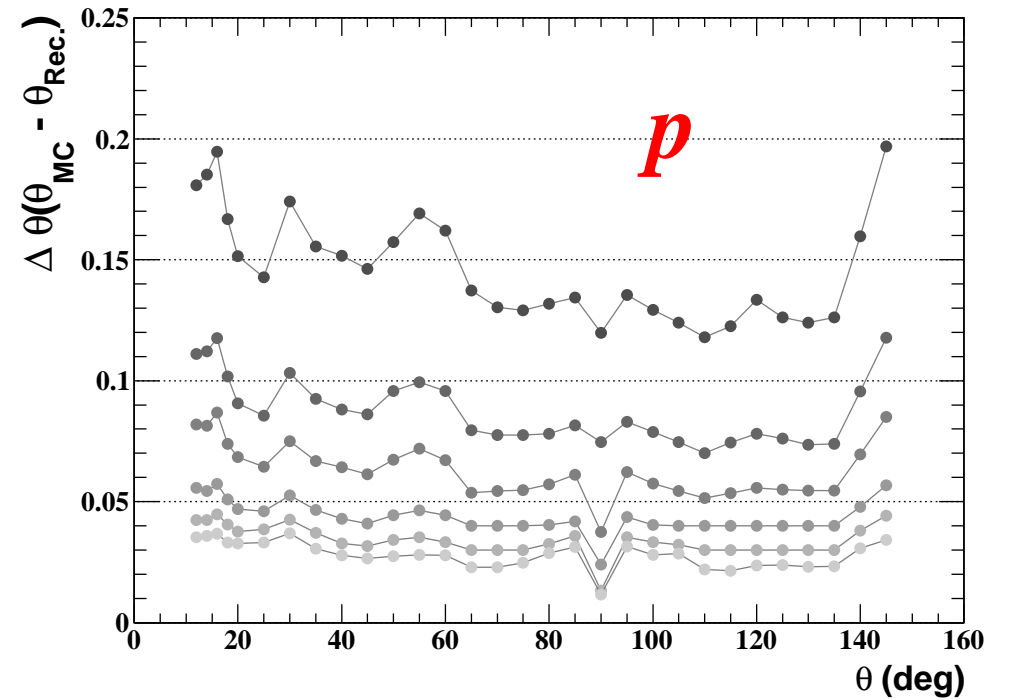
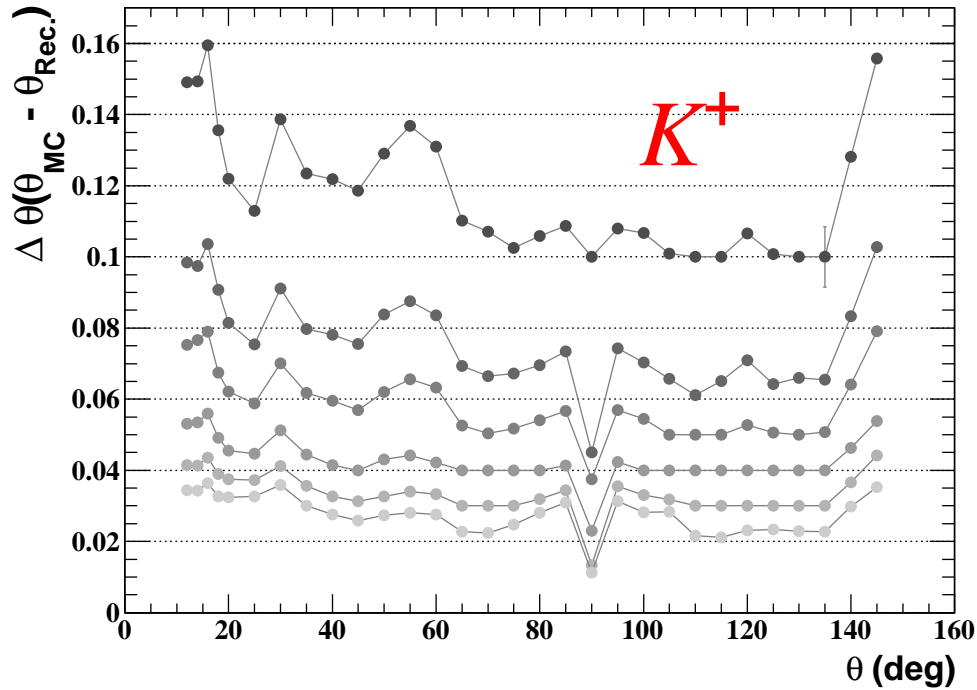
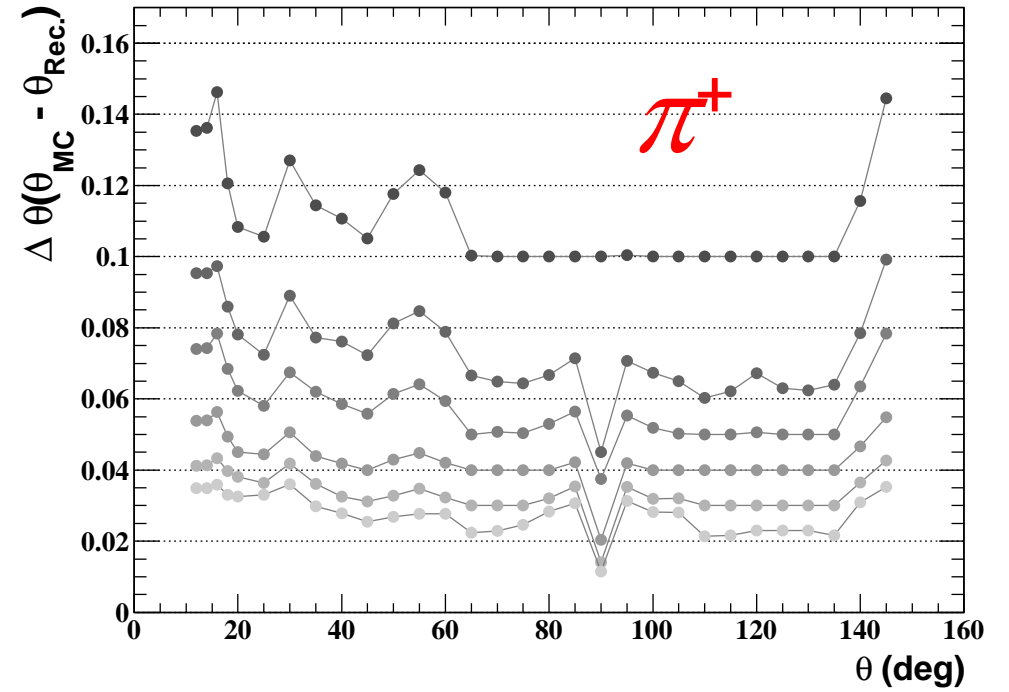
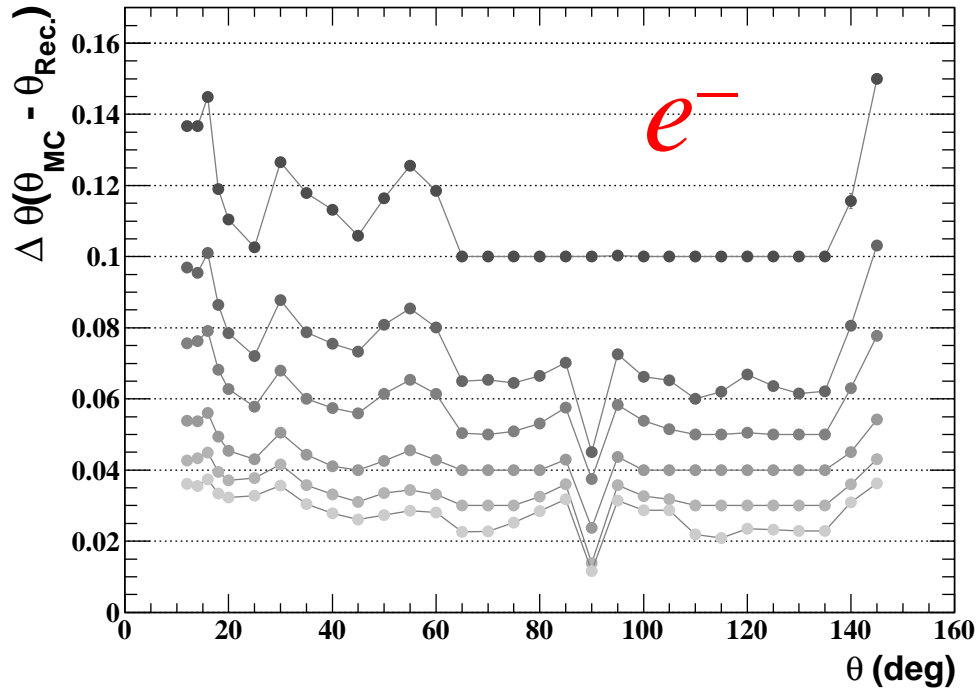






difference of θ for μ (muon)

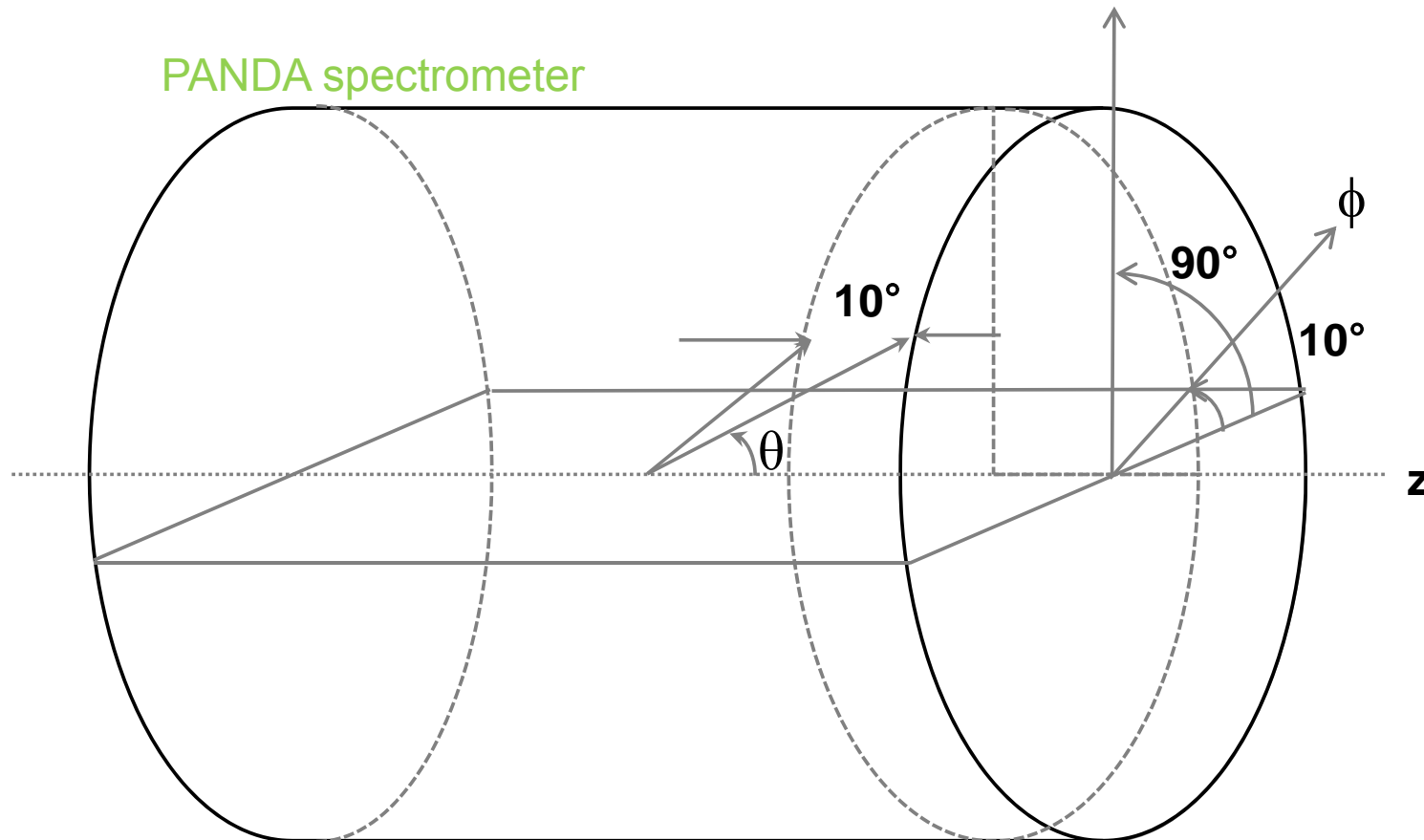






Study on the reconstruction efficiency with the environment of **high multiplicity**

- contain 10 particles ($e^\pm, \mu^\pm, \pi^\pm, K^\pm, p^\pm$) in one event
- tracking simulation in the map of ϕ & θ





momentum
 $p = 1.0 \text{ GeV}/c$

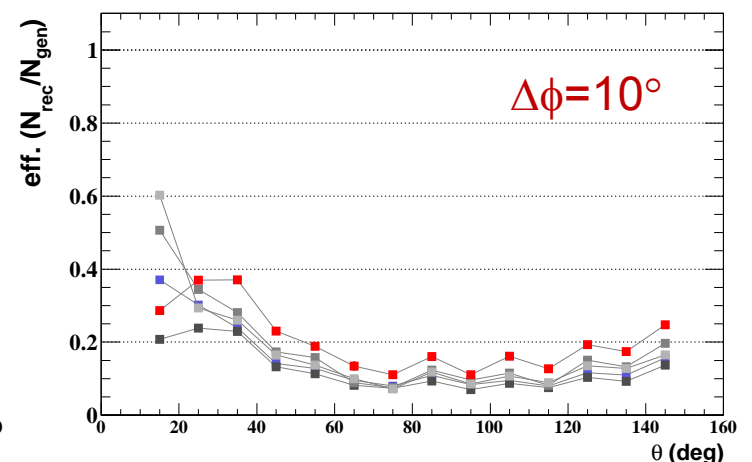
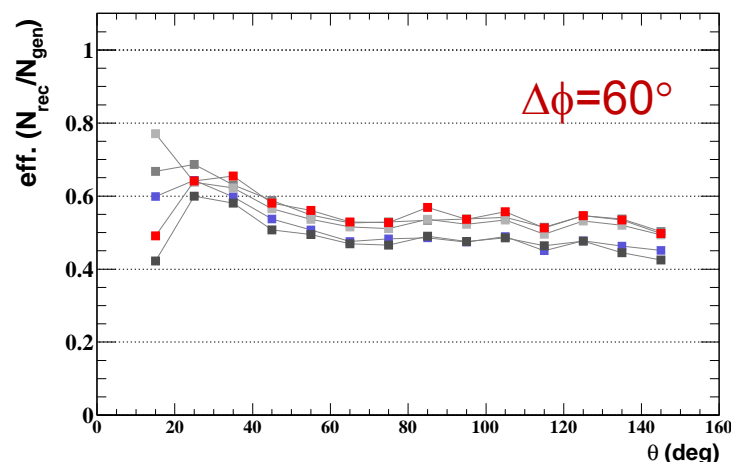
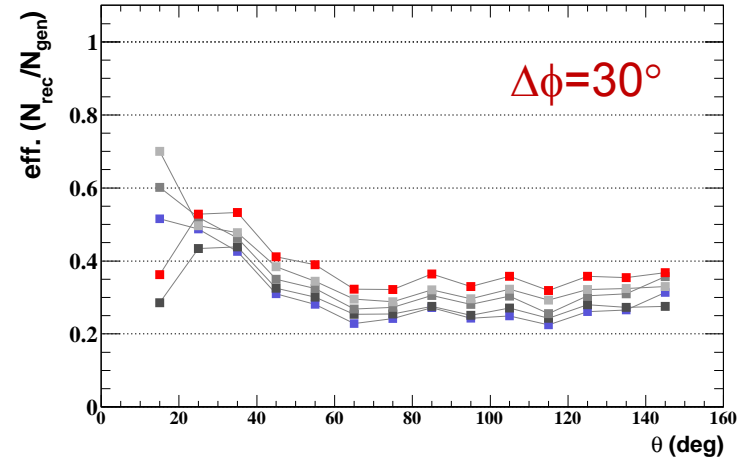
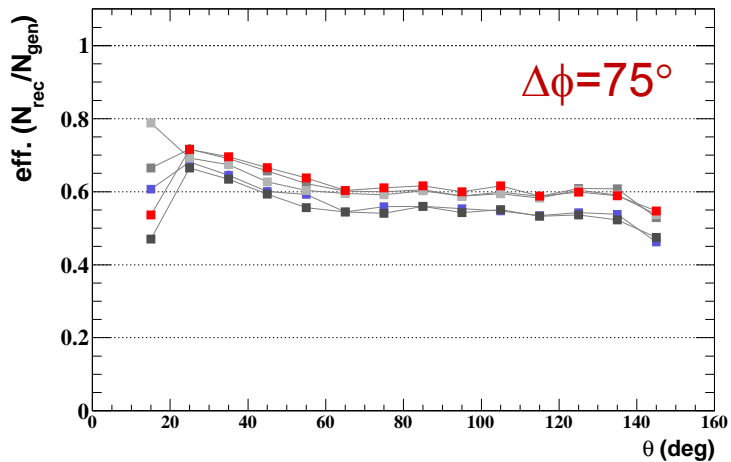
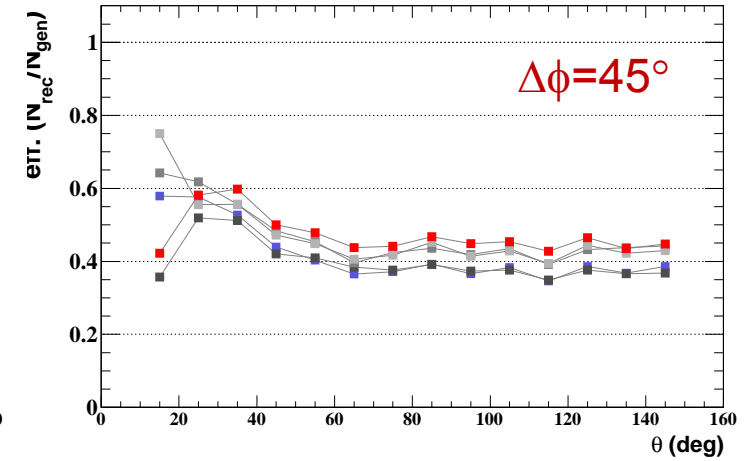
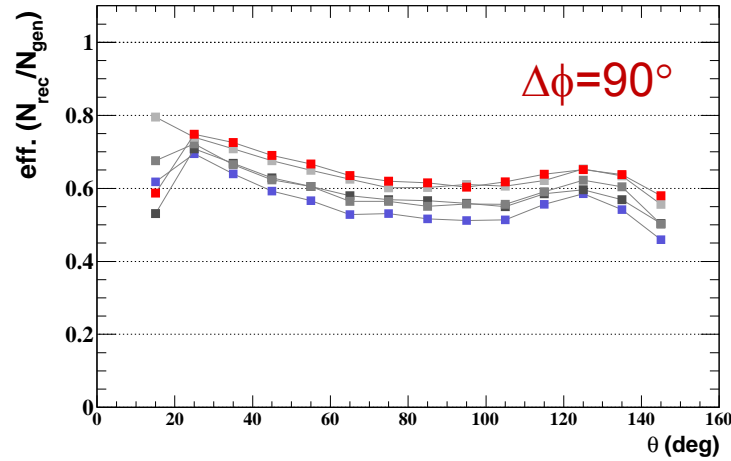
- electron
- muon
- pion
- kaon
- proton

Efficiency :

$$\mathcal{E}_{particle} = \frac{N_{rec. particle}}{N_{gen. MCevent}}$$

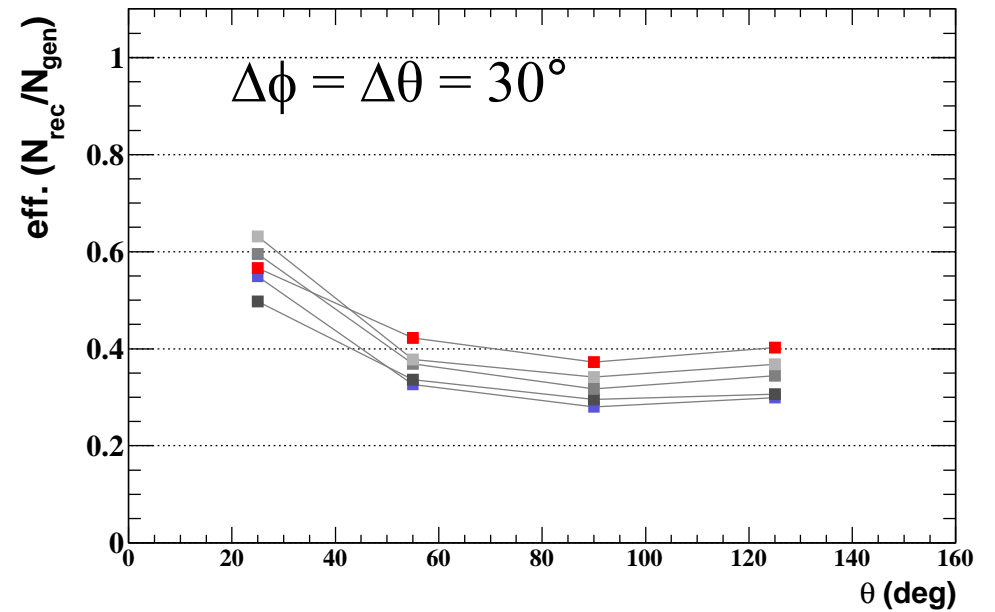
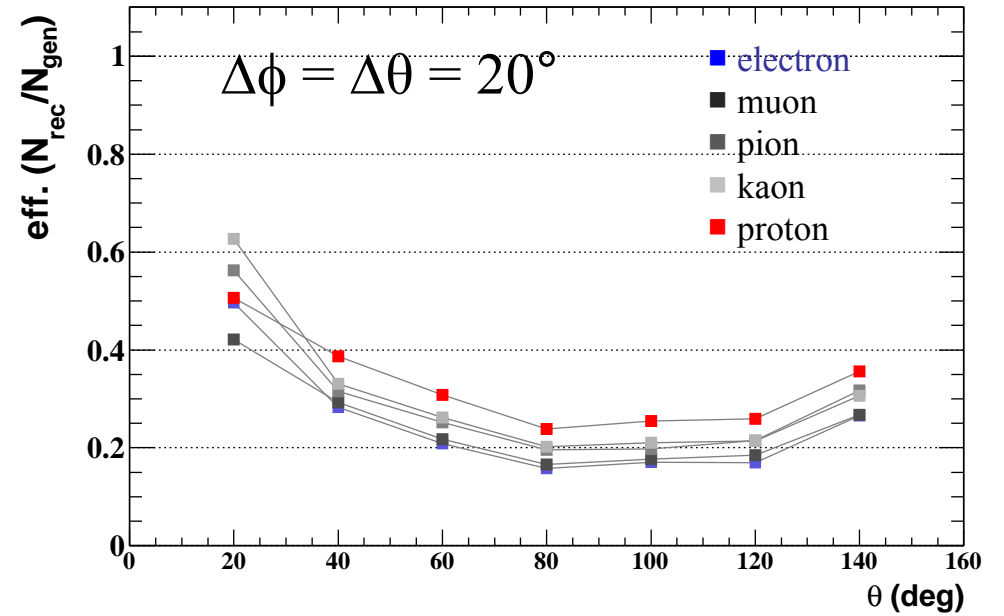
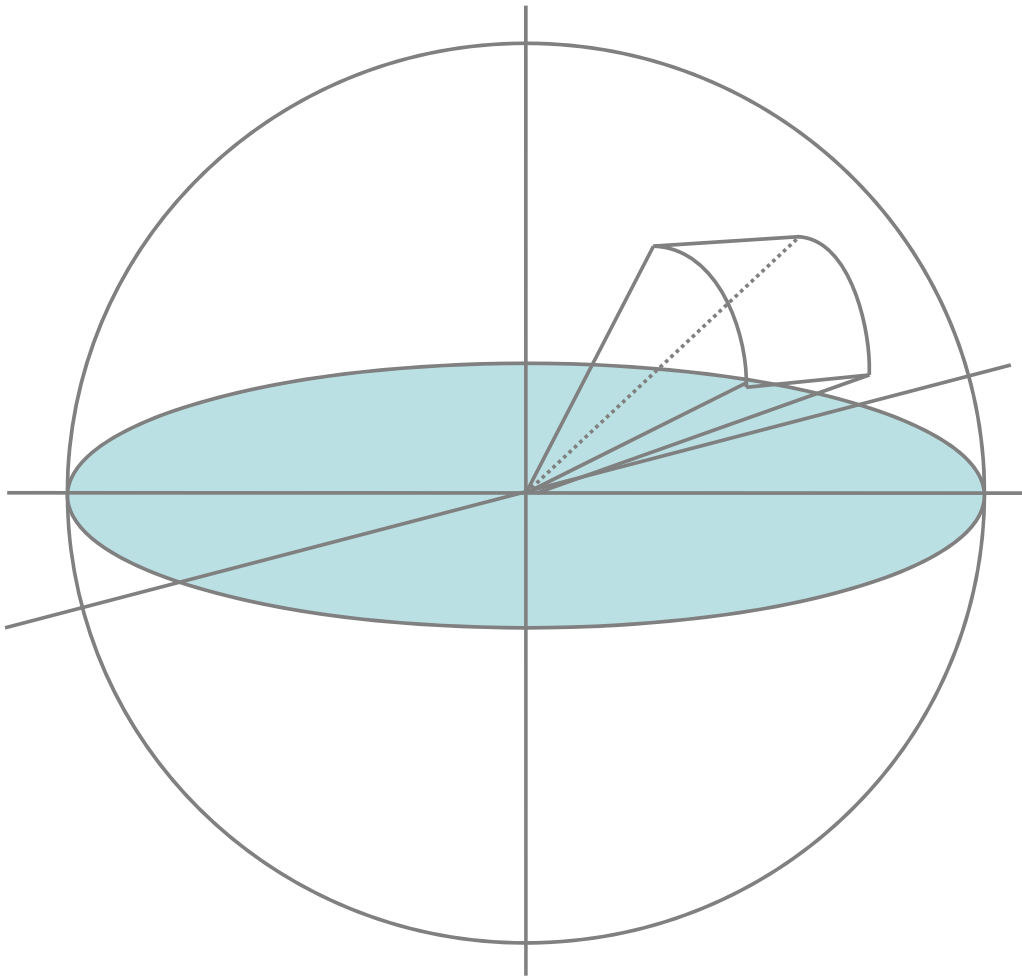
where, $N_{rec. particle}$ is number of reconstructed of MC truth matched

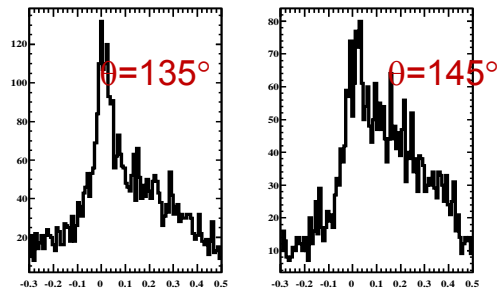
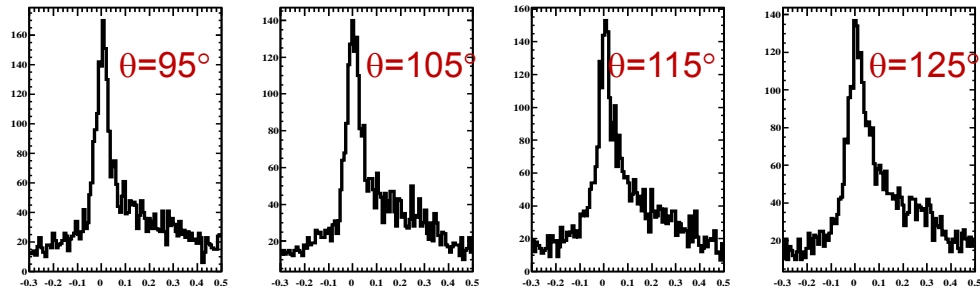
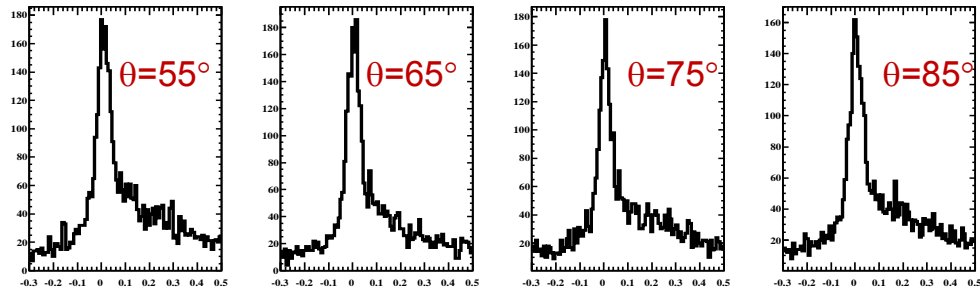
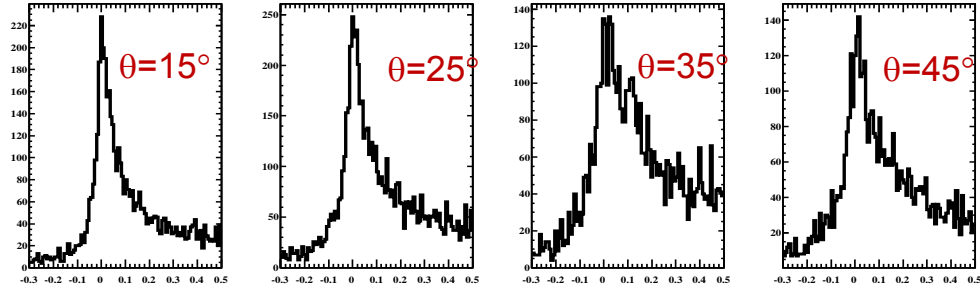
for single particle prod.
efficiency $\mathcal{E} \geq 0.9$



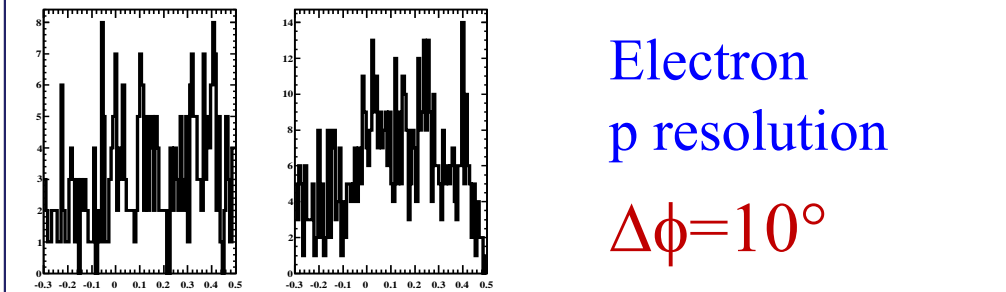
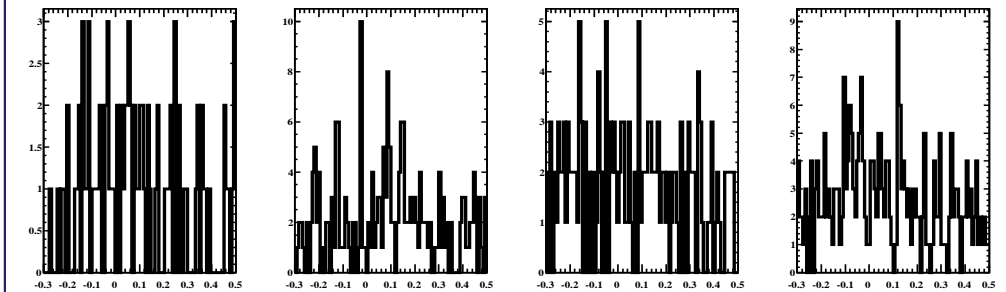
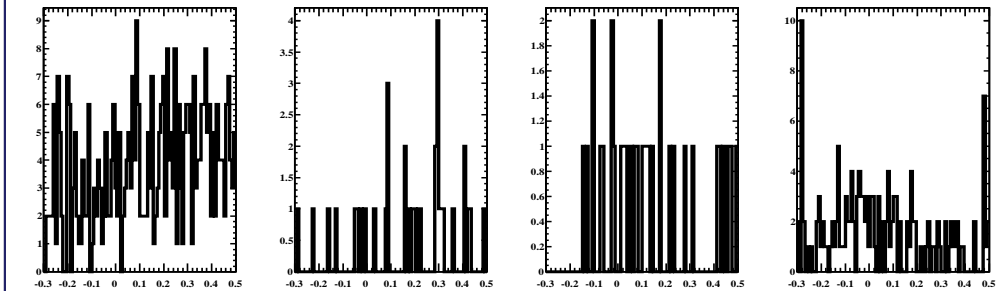
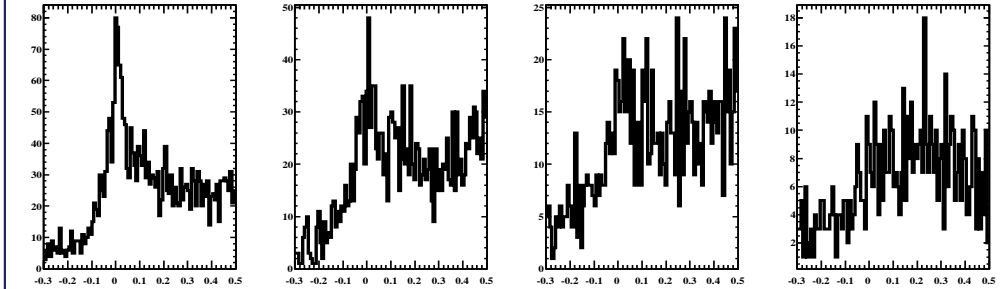


Test with
same binning : $\Delta\phi = \Delta\theta$





Electron
p resolution
 $\Delta\phi=90^\circ$



Electron
p resolution
 $\Delta\phi=10^\circ$



θ resolution for high multiplicity

14 θ bins are integrated

